ESL LESSON

English Language Grammar Development for EL Parents

4th & 5th Grade ELLs, WEEK #4

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PART 1: INFORMATION & INSTRUCTION

With your assistance, the following routines will help to ensure that your English Learner (EL) continues to develop their ability to organize information and strengthen English listening comprehension skills. These developed abilities and skills can further increase potential for writing more effectively in the future as well. These lessons are uniquely developed in my classroom for my ELs, and may not found elsewhere on the internet or in textbooks. They are offered as an effective option when home-based learning is required. Please understand the following vocabulary before proceeding to teach the lesson and use examples as shown to guide you.

You must understand the following:

Pnt= Parent who is teaching their EL

EL= <u>English Learner</u> who is participating in the lesson

S= <u>Subject</u> that is being focused on in the sentence

V= *Verb* that shows action

N= Noun is an object (person, place, or thing used as part of the predicate)

T= <u>Time</u> is when something happens (hour, day, month, year, etc.)

A= <u>Adjective</u> describes the subject (S) or object (N)

PART 2: CONTENT

MATERIALS NEEDED: NONE. THIS SHEET IS NEEDED FOR GUIDANCE. THE ABOVE DEFINITIONS ARE FOR PARENTS' REFERENCE ONLY AND STUDENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO MEMORIZE THEM. HOWEVER, IF THE LESSON IS EXPANDED, THEN SENTENCE COMPONENTS MUST BE EXPLAINED AND CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD.

TECHNICAL LEVEL: NO TECH.

TEACHING ROUTINE

In the following routine, a single EL or several may be serviced, but a few is recommended. This is to be used as a fun challenge for cognitive development. This is done both ORALLY (by mouth) and AURALLY (by ear) only. To start, ask EL(s) to listen carefully to four ideas that you will state in order. **DO NOT** say any of the sentence components (V, N, S, A, or T) as you speak. This is only for your reference and to expand on lessons further along as an option.

EXAMPLE 1:

- (Pnt) Say: "The plane (S) landed (V) in the field (N)"
- (Pnt) Say: "The plane (S) was black (A)"
- (Pnt) Say: "The field (N) was rocky (A)"
- (Pnt) Say: "It happened last weekend (T)"

At this point, you must say: "Put these four ideas together." Give instructions and state ideas again if there is no response from the EL(s).

The correct response must be stated as: (EL) Response: "The black plane flew in the rocky field last weekend;" Or, "Last weekend, the plane landed on the rocky field." Make corrections when appropriate.

EXAMPLE 2:

- (Pnt) Say: "The alligator (S) ate (V) the pie(N)"
- (Pnt) Say: "The alligator (S) was long (A)"
- (Pnt) Say: "The pie (N) was huge (A)"
- (Pnt) Say: "It happened at noon (T)"

The correct response must be stated as: **(EL) Response:** "The long alligator ate the huge pie at noon;" Or, "At noon, the long alligator ate the huge pie." Make corrections when appropriate.

The following sample words may be used in varied combination as part of sentence components, or you may create your own:

<u>\$</u>	<u>v</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>T</u>
Cat	Licked	Floor	Dirty	last year
Fish	Swam	Ocean	Deep	during lunch-time
Monkey	Jumped	Rock	Huge	Sundown
Elephant	Stomped	Sausage	Smelly	at 4:00pm today
Jet	Flew	Cloud	Low	this morning
Lion	Roared	Cage	Hot	in the Summer
Shark	Bit	Boat	Small	at noon

PART 3: EXTENSION OF ACTIVITIES & OPTIONS

<u>OPTION 1:</u> Adjectives (A) may be added three (3) times to either the subject (S) or object (N). Taking words from above, this application can be seen in the following:

EXAMPLE 3:

• (Pnt) Say: "The monkey(S) bit (V) the sausage (N)"

- (Pnt) Say: "The monkey (S) was small (A)" (1)
- (Pnt) Say: "The monkey (S) was Smelly (A)" (2)
- (Pnt) Say: "The monkey (S) was Dirty (A)" (3)
- (Pnt) Say: "The sausage(N) was hot (A)"
- (Pnt) Say: "It happened at sundown (T)"

The expanded response must be stated by EL as: "The <u>small smelly dirty</u> monkey ate the hot sausage at sundown;" Or, "At sundown, the <u>small smelly dirty</u> monkey ate the hot sausage." Do not stop the lesson until someone produces the correct response.

OPTION 2: ELs may be asked to produce responses in writing instead of orally.

OPTION 3: ELs may be taught and asked to identify the basic sentence components (S,V,N,T,A)

OPTION 4: ELs may be asked to write their own list (in columns) for any of the sentence components...

EXAMPLE 4:

(Pnt) Say: "Write three verbs and three adjectives in two columns..."

(EL) Response:

<u>Verbs</u>	<u>Adjectives</u>
Jumped	Ridiculous
Crawled	Weak
Leaped	Scared

<u>OPTION 5</u>: On paper, ELs may be asked to fill in blank (cloze) spaces with words that are appropriate to other sentence components.

EXAMPLE 5:

(Pnt) Say: "Fill in the blank spaces, and then make a sentence that is understandable..."

<u>s</u>	<u>v</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>I</u>
Monkey		Tree Branch		during the parade
Alligator	Swam		Muddy	
	Jumped	Boulder		Sundown
	Stomped		Smelly	at 4:00pm today
Hawk		Branch		this afternoon
		Cage		in the Spring
Dolphin		Yacht	Expensive	

(EL) Response:

- 1. The crazy monkey leaped onto the tree branch during the parade.
- 2. The huge alligator swam in the muddy lake deep an hour ago.
- 3. The old lion jumped on the huge boulder at sundown.
- 4. The playful flew onto the rotten branch this afternoon.
- 5. The strong gorilla broke the rusty cage in the Spring.
- 6. The fast dolphin jumped over the expensive yacht in the morning.